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#### Summary

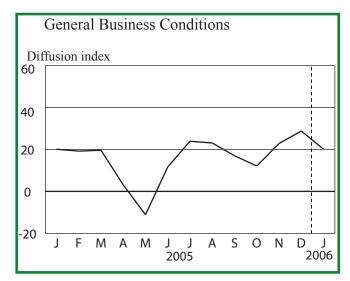
The Empire State Manufacturing Survey indicates that conditions for New York manufacturers continued to improve in January, although at a slightly slower pace than in December. The general business conditions index fell several points, but remained positive at 20.1. The new orders and unfilled orders indexes were also positive and close to last month's levels, while the shipments index rose sharply to its highest level in a year. The inventories index was negative and dropped appreciably from its December reading. Price indexes remained elevated, with the prices received index showing a marked rise. Employment indexes were positive and above December levels.

Future indexes suggested that respondents are expecting activity to expand further and prices and employment to climb higher over the next six months. A new future index, reported for the first time this month, indicated that firms are also expecting technology expenditures to rise over the six months ahead.

In a series of supplementary questions, respondents were asked about the likelihood of their relocating operations outside the state. Roughly 40 percent said there was no chance they would relocate some of their operations over the next five years, while 18 percent indicated a probability of more than onehalf. Firms were also asked which factors disposed them to keep their business in the state. The most widely cited factors were a heavy investment in fixed, location-specific plant and equipment, top management's preference for living in the state, and workers' preference for living in the area.

#### **Business Activity Expands**

Although the general business conditions index fell several points from its December level, it indicated a continued expansion in manufacturing activity in New York State in January. The index fell to 20.1, with 42 percent of respondents reporting that conditions had improved and 22 percent reporting that conditions had deteriorated. The new orders index, at 27.2, was essentially unchanged from December; 42 percent of respondents saw a rise in orders while 15 percent saw a decline. The shipments index rose sharply, from 18.7 to 32.0, with the percentage of respondents reporting higher shipments increasing from 38 percent to 46 percent. The unfilled orders and delivery time indexes remained just above zero. The inventories index dropped markedly, from -4.4 to -12.3, its lowest level in more than a year.



#### **Price Indexes Remain Elevated**

The prices paid index, after dropping in December from its record high in November, remained elevated and, at 46.6, was roughly equal to last month's level. Almost 50 percent of respondents reported paying higher prices, while only 1 percent reported lower prices. The prices received index climbed nearly 10 points to 27.4, its highest level in a year. Roughly one-third of respondents said that they had charged higher prices, while 7 percent had charged lower prices. Employment indexes indicated rising employment. The index for number of employees advanced from 5.0 to 11.3, with nearly one-quarter of respondents increasing employment and 12 percent reducing employment. The average workweek index rose similarly, from 4.8 to 11.7.

#### **Future Indexes Convey Continued Optimism**

Future indexes drifted up slightly from last month and conveyed a favorable outlook for the six months ahead. The indexes for future general business conditions, new orders, and shipments all reached levels close to or just above 50. Future price indexes rose slightly and indicated an expectation that both prices paid and prices received would continue to rise. Future employment indexes were positive and above their December readings. The capital expenditures index remained level at 31.5, while the new index for technology spending fell slightly, to 20.6.

#### Note:

Diffusion indexes are calculated for each indicator by subtracting the percent of respondents reporting the indicator lower from the previous month from those reporting the indicator higher. Thus positive values signify that more respondents report the indicator higher from the previous month than lower. Data are seasonally adjusted to control for seasonal variations.

**Most New York Manufacturers Plan to Stay in the State** The supplementary questions in the January survey focused on the New York State location of respondents' firms (see table). Asked how the size of their workforce in New York State had changed over the past five years, respondents gave a split reply: 43 percent said it had increased, while 40 percent said it had decreased. The remaining 17 percent reported that it had remained about the same.

When asked about the probability that they would relocate some of their operations outside the state over the next five years, 40 percent of manufacturers assigned zero probability, while close to 18 percent indicated a probability of more than 50 percent; the average probability was 27 percent. Manufacturers were also asked about the probability of relocating all their operations. In reply, two-thirds of the respondents assigned a zero probability, while just 4 percent indicated a probability of more than 50 percent. The average firm reported a 9 percent probability of relocating all operations outside the state.

Finally, manufacturers were asked to evaluate the extent to which various factors disposed them to keep their business establishment in the state. The highest rated factor was a heavy investment in fixed, location-specific capital—plant and equipment too expensive to move—followed by top management's preference for living in the state. Workers' preference for living in the area was not far behind. The uncertainty and risks inherent in moving to a new location also ranked high. The complete ranking is shown in the table.

### January 2006 Survey Results

#### **Responses to Supplementary Questions**

| 1) How does the size of your workforce in the state compare with that of 5 years ago?                                   | Percentage of<br>Respondents |                   |
|---|------------------------------|-------------------|
| About the same  | 17.8                         |                   |
| Larger than 5 years ago   | 42.6                         |                   |
| Smaller than 5 years ago  | 39.6                         |                   |
| Did not have a presence in the state 5 years ago  | 0.0                          |                   |
| 2) What is the probability that you would relocate some or all of your operations out of the state in the next 5 years? | Some<br>Operations           | All<br>Operations |
| Percentage of respondents saying:   |                              |                   |
| Zero probability  | 39.6                         | 67.9              |
| 1-10% probability   | 9.9                          | 14.3              |
| 11-25% probability  | 16.5                         | 7.1               |
| 26-50% probability  | 16.5                         | 7.1               |
| Greater than 50% probability  | 17.6                         | 3.6               |
| Average probability of relocating operations  | 27.0                         | 9.0               |
| 3) To what extent is each of the following contributing to keeping your establishment in the state?                     | Average<br><u>Rating</u> *   |                   |
| Heavily invested in fixed (location-specific) capital   | 70.5                         |                   |
| Preference for living here (management)   | 62.8                         |                   |
| Uncertainty / risk about other locations  | 50.8                         |                   |
| Preference for living here (workers)  | 49.0                         |                   |
| Strong business networks  | 46.7                         |                   |
| Availability of labor   | 46.5                         |                   |
| Other factors / general inertia   | 45.4                         |                   |
| Proximity to markets / customer base  | 38.6                         |                   |
| Access to transportation of goods   | 37.0                         |                   |
| Business amenities / public services  | 31.6                         |                   |
| Cost of Labor   | 30.8                         |                   |
| Tax credits / subisdies   | 26.8                         |                   |
| Availability of public transportation   | 22.2                         |                   |
|   |                              |                   |

\* Average rating of factor on a scale of 1 (not a positive factor) to 100 (major positive factor)

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## Page 3 Empire State Manufacturing Survey, January 2006 Seasonally Adjusted

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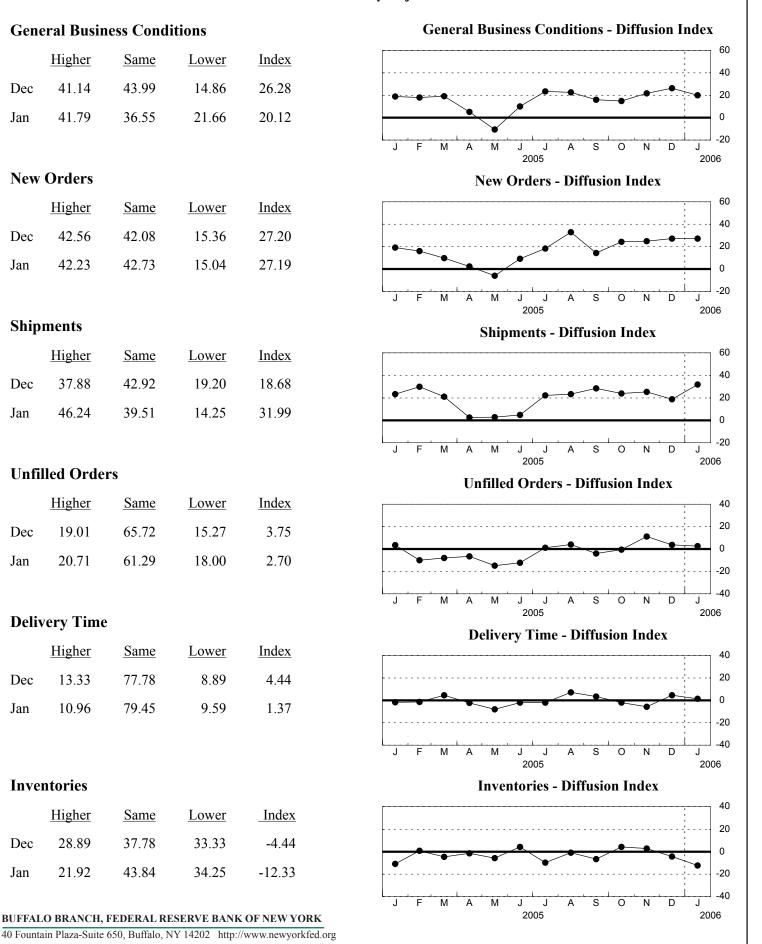
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## Page 4 Empire State Manufacturing Survey, January 2006 Seasonally Adjusted

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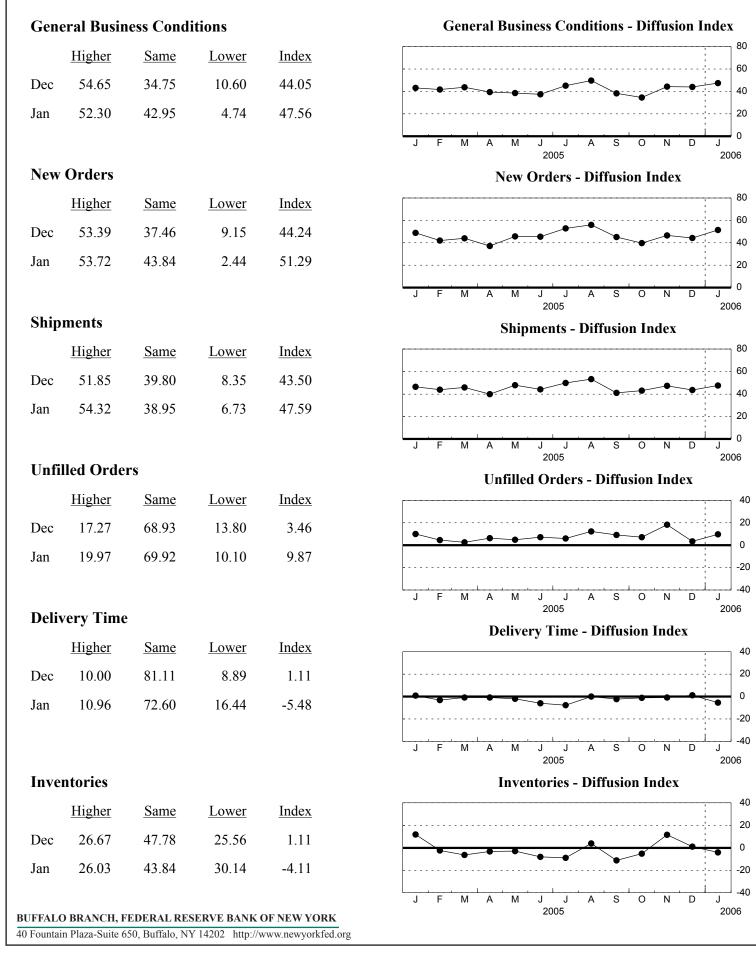
#### **Prices Paid - Diffusion Index** <u>Higher</u> Same Lower Index 50.00 Dec 46.67 3.33 46.67 Jan 47.95 50.68 1.37 46.58 Μ Μ Α J J Α 2005 **Prices Received Prices Received - Diffusion Index** <u>Higher</u> Same Lower Index 24.44 Dec 68.89 6.67 17.78 34.25 Jan 58.90 6.85 27.40 Μ J Μ A J F J А **Number of Employees** 2005 Number of Employees - Diffusion Index Higher Same Lower Index Dec 18.35 68.32 13.33 5.01 Jan 23.62 64.05 12.33 11.29 F J Μ А Μ **Average Employee Workweek** 2005 **Average Employee Workweek - Diffusion Index** Higher Same Lower Index 19.23 66.32 Dec 14.44 4.79 28.15 16.44 Jan 55.41 11.71 J Μ A Μ J А .1 2005

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**Prices Paid** 

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# Empire State Manufacturing Survey, January 2006, Expectations Six Months Ahead Seasonally Adjusted



## Empire State Manufacturing Survey, January 2006, Expectations Six Months Ahead Seasonally Adjusted

## **Prices Paid**

|     | <u>Higher</u> | Same  | Lower | Index |
|-----|---------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Dec | 63.33         | 32.22 | 4.44  | 58.89 |
| Jan | 63.01         | 35.62 | 1.37  | 61.64 |

### **Prices Received**

|     | <u>Higher</u> | Same  | Lower | Index |
|-----|---------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Dec | 44.44         | 44.44 | 11.11 | 33.33 |
| Jan | 42.47         | 50.68 | 6.85  | 35.62 |

### **Number of Employees**

|     | <u>Higher</u> | Same  | Lower | Index |
|-----|---------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Dec | 42.22         | 47.00 | 10.77 | 31.45 |
| Jan | 39.73         | 53.86 | 6.41  | 33.31 |

## **Average Employee Workweek**

|     | <u>Higher</u> | Same  | Lower | Index |
|-----|---------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Dec | 16.36         | 75.26 | 8.38  | 7.99  |
| Jan | 24.02         | 68.99 | 7.00  | 17.02 |

## **Capital Expenditures**

|     | <u>Higher</u> | Same  | Lower | Index |
|-----|---------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Dec | 44.44         | 43.33 | 12.22 | 32.22 |
| Jan | 42.47         | 46.58 | 10.96 | 31.51 |

## **Technology Spendings**

|     | <u>Higher</u> | Same  | Lower | Index |
|-----|---------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Dec | 35.56         | 56.67 | 7.78  | 27.78 |
| Jan | 30.14         | 60.27 | 9.59  | 20.55 |

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